Amendments to the Claims

1	Claim 1 (currently amended): A method of improving data transfer in a virtual server
2	environment of a computing network, the method comprising steps of:
3	receiving one or more a plurality of packets to be routed to or from a plurality of virtual
4	servers operating in a single physical device;
5	providing an internal routing table for data link layer routing \underline{to} or from selected ones of
6	the virtual servers, wherein entries in the internal routing table are learned dynamically while
7	processing selected ones of the received packets at a network layer; and
8	using the internal routing table for routing $\underline{\text{other ones of}}$ the received packets $\underline{\text{to or from}}$
9	the selected ones of the virtual servers at the data link layer,
10	wherein:
11	the selected ones of the received packets comprise, for each supported pair of
12	input data link layer component and output data link layer component, a first-processed one of the
13	packets which arrives using the input data link layer component and which is addressed to the
14	output data link layer component; and
15	the other ones of the received packets comprise, for each of the supported pairs of
16	input data link layer component and output data link layer component, subsequently-processed
17	ones of the packets which arrive using the input data link layer component and which are
18	addressed to the output data link layer component.
1	Claim 2 (currently amended): A method of improving data transfer in a virtual server
2	environment of a communications network, the method comprising steps of:

providing a concentrator that combines traffic from a plurality of virtual servers operating
in a single physical device into a single outbound stream; and
routing packets of the combined traffic, further comprising steps of:
intercepting packets of the traffic at a data link layer of a communications protocol
stack;
comparing a destination address of each intercepted packet to entries in a data link
layer routing table comprising at least one entry, each entry specifying an input data link layer
component, output data link layer component pair, to determine if a matching entry is present in
the table, the matching entry specifying a data link layer component on which the intercepted
packet arrived as the input data link layer component of the pair and the destination address of the
intercepted packet as the output data link layer component of the pair;
forwarding the intercepted packet to a higher layer of the communications
protocol stack if [[no]] $\underline{\text{the}}$ matching entry is $\underline{\text{not}}$ found $\underline{\text{by the comparing step}}$, for routing by the
higher layer; and
performing data link layer routing of the intercepted packet, without intervention
of the higher layer, if [[a]] the matching entry is found by the comparing step.
Claim 3 (currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, wherein the step of performing
data link layer routing further comprises steps of:
replacing [[the]] an inbound packet header of the intercepted packet with an outbound

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header; and

packet header using information from the matching entry, thereby creating a modified packet

- forwarding the intercepted packet using the modified packet header.

 Claim 4 (currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, wherein the entries in the data link layer routing table are dynamically learned and further comprising:

 adding a new entry to the table for each of the intercepted packets for which the matching entry is not found and for which the data link layer component on which the intercepted packet arrived and the output data link layer component that matches the destination address of the intercepted packet are both supported, the new entry specifying the data link layer component on
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which the intercepted packet arrived as the input data link layer component of the pair and the

output data link layer component that matches the destination address of the intercepted packet as

Claim 5 (currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, wherein at least one or more of

2 the virtual servers is an [[are]] application servers server.

the output data link layer component of the pair.

- 1 Claim 6 (currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, wherein the virtual servers each
- 2 operate in a logical partition within [[a]] the single physical computing device.
 - Claim 7 (currently amended): The method according to Claim 2, further comprising the step of
- 2 deleting selected entries from the data link layer routing table when the selected entries become
- 3 obsolete.

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Claim 8 (currently amended): A system	m for improving data tra	ansfer in a virtual server		
environment of a communications netw	work, comprising:			
means for providing a concentr	rator that combines traff	fic from a plurality of virtual servers		
operating in a single physical device in	to a single outbound str	ream; and		
means for routing packets of th	ne combined traffic, furt	her comprising:		
means for intercepting I	packets of the traffic at	a data link layer of a		
communications protocol stack;				
means for comparing a	destination address of e	each intercepted packet to entries in		
a data link layer routing table comprisi	ing at least one entry, ea	ich entry specifying an input data		
link layer component, output data link	layer component pair, t	to determine if a matching entry is		
present in the table, the matching entry	y specifying a data link l	ayer component on which the		
intercepted packet arrived as the input	data link layer compon	ent of the pair and the destination		
address of the intercepted packet as the	e output data link layer	component of the pair;		
means for forwarding the	he intercepted packet to	a higher layer of the		
communications protocol stack if [[no]] the matching entry is	not found by the means for		
comparing, for routing by the higher la	ayer; and			
means for performing d	data link layer routing of	f the intercepted packet, without		
intervention of the higher layer, if [[a]]	the matching entry is f	ound by the means for comparing.		
Claim 9 (currently amended): The syst	tem according to Claim	8, wherein the means for		
performing data link layer routing further comprises:				
means for replacing [[the]] an i	inbound packet header of	of the intercepted packet with an		
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4	outbound packet header using information from the matching entry, thereby creating a modified
5	packet header; and
6	means for forwarding the intercepted packet using the modified packet header.
1	Claim 10 (currently amended): The system according to Claim 8, wherein the entries in the data
2	link layer routing table are dynamically learned, the dynamic learning further comprising;
3	means for adding a new entry to the table for each of the intercepted packets for which the
4	means for comparing does not find the matching entry and for which the data link layer
5	component on which the intercepted packet arrived and the output data link layer component that
6	matches the destination address of the intercepted packet are both supported, the new entry
7	specifying the data link layer component on which the intercepted packet arrived as the input data
8	link layer component of the pair and the output data link layer component that matches the
9	destination address of the intercepted packet as the output data link layer component of the pair.
1	Claim 11 (currently amended): The system according to Claim 8, wherein at least one-or more of
2	the virtual servers [[are]] is an application-servers server.
1	Claim 12 (currently amended): A computer program product for improving data transfer in a
2	<u>virtual server environment of a communications network, the computer program product having</u>
3	computer usable code embodied on one or more computer readable media and therewith, the

computer program product comprising:

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computer readable program code [[means]] for providing a concentrator that combines

traffic from a plurality of virtual servers operating in a single physical device into a single
outbound stream; and
computer readable program code [[means]] for routing packets of the combined traffic,

further comprising:

computer readable program code [[means]] for intercepting packets of the traffic at a data link layer of a communications protocol stack;

computer readable program code [[means]] for comparing a destination address of each intercepted packet to entries in a data link layer routing table comprising at least one entry, each entry specifying an input data link layer component, output data link layer component pair, to determine if a matching entry is present in the table, the matching entry specifying a data link layer component on which the intercepted packet arrived as the input data link layer component of the pair and the destination address of the intercepted packet as the output data link layer component of the pair;

computer readable program code [[means]] for forwarding the intercepted packet to a higher layer of the communications protocol stack if [[no]] the matching entry is not found by the computer readable program code [[means]] for comparing, for routing by the higher layer; and computer readable program code [[means]] for performing data link layer routing of the intercepted packet, without intervention of the higher layer, if [[a]] the matching entry is found by the computer readable program code [[means]] for comparing.

Claim 13 (currently amended): The computer program product according to Claim 12, wherein the computer readable program code [[means]] for performing data link layer routing further

3	comprises:		
4	computer readable program code [[means]] for replacing [[the]] an in		

computer readable program code [[means]] for replacing [[the]] an inbound packet header of the intercepted packet with an outbound packet header using information from the matching entry, thereby creating a modified packet header, and

computer readable program code [[means]] for forwarding the intercepted packet using the modified packet header.

Claim 14 (currently amended): The computer program product according to Claim 12, wherein the entries in the data link layer routing table are dynamically learned, the dynamic learning further comprising:

computer readable program code for adding a new entry to the table for each of the intercepted packets for which the computer readable program code for comparing does not find the matching entry and for which the data link layer component on which the intercepted packet arrived and the output data link layer component that matches the destination address of the intercepted packet are both supported, the new entry specifying the data link layer component on which the intercepted packet arrived as the input data link layer component of the pair and the output data link layer component that matches the destination address of the intercepted packet as the output data link layer component of the pair.

Claim 15 (currently amended): The computer program product according to Claim 12, wherein at least one or more of the virtual servers [[are]] is an application servers server.